1 **Land Use Amendments** 2 **Zoning Ordinance** 3 4 **CHAPTER 15** 5 6 **SEWER** 7 8 9 Article I. Sewage Ordinance. [Originally adopted eff. 12/22/1971 under R.S.1964, 10 T.30. §2151 & 4353; Amended eff. 3/15/1995; Amended eff. 6/7/1995, Amended eff. 11 12/10/2003 and Amended eff. 8/10/2007) 12 13 Section 15-1-4. <u>Use of Public Sewers Required</u>. 14 15 f. Lots Which Must Connect to the Public Sewer. 16 17 The owner of any house, building or other structure used for human occupancy, 18 employment, recreational or other purpose which requires the disposal of sewage 19 and which is located upon a lot eligible to connect to the public sewer as provided 20 above, shall at the owner's expense connect its sewer facility directly to the public 21 sewer, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, unless: 22 23 (1) such house, building or other structure is located more than one hundred 24 fifty (150) feet from the public sewer line; or 25 26 (2) such house, building or other structure has as of the effective date of this 27 ordinance disposed of its sewage by a private subsurface sewage disposal 28 system, and such owner has filed with the local plumbing inspector a 29 certification by an authorized soils evaluator that the private subsurface 30 sewage disposal system is not malfunctioning. Such certification shall be 31 presumed valid and accurate but shall not bind the Town or local 32 plumbing inspector in regard to compliance with private sewage 33 requirements set forth elsewhere in this ordinance, the State Plumbing 34 Code, or as otherwise applicable. 35 36 (3) such house, building, or other structure is located in the Town Center 37 Zone as of June 7, 1995 and is in compliance with paragraph (2) above 38 with regard to an existing private subsurface sewage disposal system. 39 Connection to the public sewer shall not be required for a change of use or 40 addition to an existing house, building or other structure located in the Town Center Zone, subject to compliance with the sewage requirements 41 42 set forth elsewhere in this ordinance, the State Plumbing Code, or as 43 otherwise applicable. [Amended Eff. 6/7/1995] 44 45 For the purpose of calculating the one hundred fifty (150) foot measurement set forth in Sub-paragraph 1 above, the measurement shall be made (i) from 46

the end of any stub provided by the Town, otherwise from the public sewer line, (ii) to a point on the building foundation other than the foundation for any garage or other attached accessory building unless it contains a toilet or sink, or contains other facilities regularly generating sewage, (iii) by the shortest route passing through the property in which the owner has the right to install, use and maintain a building sewer. [Added eff. 9/27/1978, Revised eff. 8/13/1986]

(4) Any subdivision lot located in the Residence B District and created after [effective date of this ordinance] shall, at the owner's expense connect its sewer facility directly to the public sewer, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance and shall not be eligible for the exemptions provided in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 above.

CHAPTER 19

ZONING ORDINANCE

SEC. 19-1-3. DEFINITIONS

Multifamily: A building containing 2 or more dwelling units (excepting accessory dwelling units), or a mixed use building containing 1 or more dwelling units. (**Effective February 12, 2005**)

Multiplex Housing: Multiplex housing is housing containing two (2) or more attached dwelling units, each of which has independent outside access. Multiple units may be arranged in a variety of configurations including side by side and/or back to back. A multiplex should have the look of large, closely spaced, single-family detached units with the essential feature being the small number of units attached in one building. Each individual building may contain no more than five (5) units with an average of not more than four (4) units per building for the entire project, except that the maximum and average number of units per building shall not apply in the Town Center District.

SEC. 19-6-1. RESIDENCE A DISTRICT (RA)

(Revised effective December 10, 2003)

A. Purpose

The Residence A District includes lands that are outside of the built-up areas of Cape Elizabeth, lands to which public sewer lines are not expected to be extended in the near future, and large tracts suitable for farming, woodland production, and wildlife habitat. The purpose of this district is to allow residential development that is compatible with the character, scenic value, and traditional uses of rural lands and that does not impose an undue burden on the provision of municipal services.

B. Permitted Uses

1 2 3

2. The following residential uses:

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- a. Single family dwelling
- b. Manufactured housing on an individual lot
- c. Multiplex housing

d. Eldercare facility, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-6, Eldercare Facility Standards

Standards				
MINIMUM LOT AREA				
(1) Boat repair facility for commercial purposes	200,000 sq. ft. (4.6 acres)			
(2) Multiplex housing	10 - <u>5</u> acres			
(3) Eldercare facilities	10 acres			
(4) Golf Course (Effective February 12, 2003)	150 acres (Effective February 12, 2003)			
(5) Wind energy systems (Effective. October 8, 2008)	20,000sq. ft.			
(6) Other uses	80,000 sq. ft.			
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS PER AREA				
(1) Multiplex housing 1 unit per 66,000 sq. of net residential are				
(2) In subdivisions	1 unit per 80,000 sq. ft. of net residential area			
(3) In subdivisions that conform to Sec. 19-7-2, Open Space Zoning	1 unit per 66,000 sq. ft. of net residential area			
(4) In eldercare facilities	1 unit per 6,000 sq. ft. or 1 bed per 3,500 sq. ft. of net residential area, whichever is less			
(5) Other housing	1 unit per 80,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area			
MINIMUM SET	TBACKS			
(1) All uses unless otherwise specified				
(a) Side yard setback	30 ft.			

	The side yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)
(b) Rear yard setback	30 ft. The rear yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)
© Front yard setback	The front yard setbacks set forth below may be reduced, only on roads which are not classified arterial, to the average setback of the two principal structures fronting on the same road in closest proximity to the site of the proposed structure, but any structure must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way.
- Arterial street	50 ft.
- Collector, rural connector, and feeder streets	40 ft.
- Local and private streets	30 ft.
(2) Multiplex housing and eldercare facilities	
(a) From property line	75 ft.

(5) Open Space Zoning Subdivisions (See Sec. 19-7-2)

(a) Side yard setback 20 ft.

(b) Rear yard setback 20 ft.

(c) Front yard setback 20 ft.

SEC. 19-6-2. RESIDENCE B DISTRICT (RB)

A. Purpose

1 2

The Residence B District is differentiated from the Residence A District in that subdivisions in Residence B are required to be laid out according to the principles of open space zoning, as described in Sec. 19-7-2, Open Space Zoning. The Residence B

District includes lands outside of the built-up parts of Town where the Comprehensive Plan indicates growth can and should be accommodated as a result of soils suitable for individual or common septic systems or the extension of public sewer lines. The purpose of this district is to allow a significant portion of the Town's anticipated residential growth to occur in these areas, in a manner that preserves the character of rural lands, promotes healthy neighborhoods, offers flexibility in design, and minimizes the costs of municipal services.

B. Permitted Uses

2. The following residential uses:

a. Single family dwelling

- b. Manufactured housing on an individual lot
- 15 c. Multiplex housing

 d. Eldercare facility, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-6, Eldercare Facility Standards

E. Standards

2. The following Space and Bulk Standards shall apply:

a. Lots that are part of residential subdivisions approved by the Planning Board after June 4, 1997, shall comply with the terms of Sec. 19-7-2, Open Space Zoning, except that subdivisions for which completed applications have been submitted to the Planning Board prior to June 4, 1997, shall be subject to the regulations in effect at the time of their submission.

MINIMUM LOT AREA		
(1) Eldercare facilities	5 acres	
(2) Wind energy systems	20,000 sq. ft. (Effective October 8, 2008)	
(3) Other uses	80,000 sq. ft.	
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS PER AREA		
(1) In eldercare facilities	1 unit per 3,500 sq. ft. or 1 bed per 2,500 sq. ft. of net residential area, whichever is less	
(2) Other uses 1 unit per 80,000 sq. ft. of gross lot a		
MINIMUM STREET FRONTAGE		
(1) All uses 125 ft.		

MINIMUM SETBACKS		
(1) All uses unless otherwise specified		
(a) Side yard setback	30 ft.	
	The side yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)	
(b) Rear yard setback	30 ft. The rear yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)	
(c) Front yard setback	The front yard setbacks set forth below may be reduced, only on roads which are not classified arterial, to the average setback of the two principal structures fronting on the same road in closest proximity to the site of the proposed structure, but any structure must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way.	
- Arterial street	50 ft.	
- Collector, rural connector, and feeder streets	40 ft.	
- Local and private streets	30 ft.	
(d) Limit on parking within the front yard	A nonresidential use shall not locate its required off-street parking within the front yard setback	
(2) Multiplex housing and eldercare facilities		
(a) From property line	75 ft.	

SEC. 19-6-3. RESIDENCE C DISTRICT (RC)

A. Purpose

The Residence C District includes lands that are within the built-up areas of Cape Elizabeth, are sewered or can be easily served by public sewer, are identified in the Comprehensive Plan as part of the Town's growth areas, are not presently in agricultural or woodland uses, and are not considered to be valuable, large-scale open space with

valued scenery or wildlife habitat. The purpose of the district is to provide for areas of compact development that can foster cohesive neighborhoods that are close to community services.

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Permitted Uses B.

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2. The following residential uses:

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- Single family dwelling a.
- Manufactured housing on an individual lot b.
- Manufactured housing park, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-7, c. 12 Manufactured Housing Parks
 - d. Multiplex housing
 - Eldercare facility, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-6, Eldercare e. Facility Standards
 - Rooming or boarding home f.

16 17 18

Ε. **Standards**

19 20

2. The following Space and Bulk Standards shall apply:

MINIMUM LOT AREA		
(1) Boat repair facility for commercial purposes	200,000 sq. ft. (4.6 acres)	
(2) Multiplex housing	<u>5-3</u> acres	
(3) Eldercare facilities	5 acres	
(4) Wind energy systems	20,000 sq. ft. (Effective October 8, 2008)	
(5) Others	20,000 sq. ft.	
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DWELL	LING UNITS PER AREA	
(1) Multiplex housing	1 unit per 15,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	
(2) In subdivisions	1 unit per 20,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	
(3) In subdivisions that conform to Sec. 19-7-2, Open Space Zoning	1 unit per 15,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	
(4) A single-family home on a lot that is not part of a subdivision	1 unit per 20,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area	

(5) In eldercare facilities	I unit nor 2.500 ca ft or I had nor
	1 unit per 2,500 sq. ft. or 1 bed per 2,100 sq. ft. of net residential area (Effective May 9, 2007)
(6) Rooming or boarding home	1 bed per 5,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area
(7) Other housing	1 unit per 20,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF BED AN	D BREAKFAST ROOMS
Bed and Breakfast Guest Room	1 room per 5,000 sq. ft of gross lot area
MINIMUM STREET I	FRONTAGE
(1) Bed and Breakfast	100 ft. on Shore Road or Route 77
(2) All uses	100 ft.
MINIMUM SETI	BACKS
(1) All uses unless otherwise specified	
(a) Side yard setback	20 ft.
	The side yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)
(b) Rear yard setback	20 ft. The rear yard setback may be reduced in accordance with Sec. 19-4-3.A.2, Developed Nonconforming Lots. (Effective August 11, 1999)
(c) Front yard setback	The front yard setbacks set forth below may be reduced, only on roads which are not classified arterial, to the average setback of the two principal structures fronting on the same road in closest proximity to the site of the proposed structure, but any structure must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way.
- Arterial street	40 ft.
- Collector and rural connector streets	40 ft.
- Feeder street	30 ft.

- Local and private streets	20 ft.
(2) Multiplex housing and eldercare facilities	
(a) From property line	75 ft.

(5) Open Space Zoning Subdivisions (See Sec. 19-7-2)

(a) Side yard setback

15 ft.

(b) Rear yard setback

15 ft.

(c) Front yard setback

20 ft.

SEC. 19-6-4. TOWN CENTER DISTRICT (TC)

A. Purpose

The purpose of this district is to encourage an identifiable Town Center that includes a village feeling, mixed retail and residential uses to serve residents, an environment inviting to pedestrians, a common meeting place, visual cohesiveness and enrichment and linkages to the Town's open space and nearby school campus. The Town Center District boundaries reflect the prevalence of public buildings and commercial uses and the historic compactness of development. The Town Center District requirements are tailored to the unique characteristics of the Cape Elizabeth Town Center.

In the center of the Town Center District, there exists a unique compactness of development exemplified by smaller lot sizes and existing structures with compatible space and bulk massing and architectural features. This area shall be designated the Town Center Core Subdistrict. All the requirements of the Town Center District shall apply in the core subdistrict, except where standards specific to the Town Center Core Subdistrict are established.

B. Permitted Uses

2. The following residential uses:

a. Single family dwelling

Facility Standards

- b. Bed and breakfast

 c. Multifamily dwelling unitd. Congregate housing, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-6, Eldercare

e. Rooming or boarding home

D. Standards

2. The following Space and Bulk Standards shall apply:

MINIMUM LOT AREA			
(1a)Single family dwelling unit 80,000 sq. ft.			
(1b) Single family dwelling unit in the Town Center Core Subdistrict	10,000 sq. ft.		
(2) Multifamily dwelling unit	7,500 sq. ft.		
(3) Wind energy systems	20,000 sq. ft (Effective October 8, 2008)		
(4) Other uses	None		
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS PER AREA			
(1) Multifamily housing in a mixed use building	1 unit per 3,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area		
(2) Rooming or boarding home	1 bed per 5,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area		

SEC. 19-6-5. BUSINESS DISTRICT A (BA)

A. Purpose

The Business A District is comprised of neighborhood business districts in which the business uses are geared to the needs of nearby residents rather than a large scale, regional destination center. The district requirements seek to promote (i) business vitality, (ii) pedestrian connectivity between the business district and the adjacent residential areas, (iii) a mix of commercial and housing uses, (iv) high quality design that is pedestrian friendly, compatible with, and protects the integrity of the adjacent residential neighborhood, and (v) an efficient use of the land within the district for business uses. The Business A district regulations recognize that the BA District in the Sore Road area and the BA District in the Ocean House Road area are individually distinctive and may require different treatments, which are specified herein. (Effective July 8, 2009)

B. Permitted Uses

22 2. The following residential uses:

- a. Single family detached dwelling existing as of April 1, 2008 (Effective July 8, 2009)
- a. Multifamily dwelling units (**Effective July 8, 2009**)

1 2 3 4	 b. Congregate housing, subject to the provisions of Sec. 19-7-6. Eldercare Facility Standards (Effective July 8, 2009) d. Rooming or boarding home 				
	MINIMUM LOT AREA				
		family dwelling unit		80,000 sq. ft.	
		to the RA District t to the RC District		20,000 sq. ft. etive July 8, 2	009)
	(2) Multif	amily dwelling unit		15,000 sq. ft.	
	(3) Wind e	energy systems	(Effecti	20,000sq. ft ve October 8,	2008)
	(4) Other	uses		None	
		MAXIMUM NUMBER O	F DWELLING UNI	TS PER ARE	EA
	(1) Multifamily housing in a mixed use building or multiplex housing 1 unit per 7,500 sq. ft. of net residential area (Effective July 8, 2)				
	(2) Roomi	ng or boarding home	1 bed per 5,000 sq. ft. of gross lot area		oss lot area
5 6 7 8	SEC. 19-6	6-9. RESOURCE PROTE (RP1-CW, RP1-CW Buffer			
9	D. Prob	nibited Uses			
10 11 12 13 14	Uses shown as prohibited uses on Table 19-6-9 and any other use not specifically listed as a permitted use or a use permitted with a resource protection permit shall be prohibited in the RP1-CW, RP1-CW Buffer Overlay, RP2-WP, and RP3-F Districts.			•	
15 16 17	TABLE 19-6-9				
1	Use, Activity,	I	RP1-CW and RP1-CW Buffer Overlay	RP2-WP	RP3-F
_	36. Multi-unit	residential N	No	RPP	No
18 19 20	9 SEC. 19-7-2. OPEN SPACE ZONING				
21 22	A. App	licability			
23	1. Resid	dence B District			

The provisions of this section shall be mandatory for residential subdivisions in the Residence B District

2. Other Districts

 In the Residence A District and Residence C District, the provisions of this section shall be optional. In such districts, notwithstanding other provisions of this Ordinance, the Planning Board in reviewing and approving proposed residential subdivisions may modify provisions relating to space and bulk, including but not limited to increasing setbacks, to permit innovative approaches to housing and environmental design in accordance with the standards of this Article. Such modifications of Space and Bulk Standards shall not be construed as granting variances to relieve hardship. (Revised effective December 10, 2003)

C. Dimensional Standards

The average size of the individual lots shall be smaller than that required in the district in which the cluster development is located and the balance of the required area shall be reserved as open space. The lots and open space shall conform to the following Space and Bulk Standards:

1. Density

The overall density of the subdivision shall not exceed the density requirements of the district in which it is located as shown in the chart below. In the event that a subdivision is located in more than one zoning district, the overall density of the subdivision shall not exceed the combination of the density requirements of the districts in which the subdivision is located. For example, if a subdivision has 660,000 square feet of net residential area in the RA District and 150,000 square feet in the RC District (with public sewerage) then the overall density shall not exceed 20 units. (*Effective February 12, 2003*)

District	Maximum Density of Residential Development			
	Single Family Multiplex			
RA	1 unit per 66,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	1 unit per 66,000 sq. ft. of net residential area		
RB	1 unit per 60,000 sq. ft. of net residential area with on-site sewerage disposal 1 unit per 30,000 20,000 sq. ft.	1 unit per 60,000 sq. ft. of net residential area with on-site sewage disposal 1 unit per 30,000 20,000 sq.		

	of net residential area with public sewerage	ft. of net residential area with public sewerage
RC	1 unit per 15,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	1 unit per 15,000 sq. ft. of net residential area

2. Minimum Lot Size

Each lot within the subdivision shall contain at least the following area:

	Minimum Lot Size	
	With On-site Sewage Disposal With Public Sewerage	
RA	30,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	30,000 sq. ft. of net residential area
RB	20,000 sq. ft. of net residential area	10,000 sq. ft. of net residential area
RC	NA	7,500 sq. ft. of net residential area

3. Average Lot Size

Lots and/or dwelling units shall be laid out so that the average lot size is not more than sixty percent (60%) of the maximum density set forth in Sec. 19-7-2.C.1 above in the RA and RC Districts and not more than fifty percent (50%) of the maximum density in the RB District.

4. Open Space

At least forty percent (40%) of the gross acreage shall remain as open space outside of the lots and not otherwise assigned to individual dwelling units, except in the RB District, where at least forty-five (45%) of the gross acreage shall remain as open space outside of the lots and not otherwise assigned to individual dwelling units. At least one third of this required open space shall be land that is usable as determined by applying the criteria of the net residential area definition. [For example, if a parcel consists of one hundred twenty (120) acres, at least forty-eight (48) acres shall be kept as open space. Of this forty-eight (48) acres, at least sixteen (16) acres shall be usable applying the criteria of the net residential area definition.]

D. Design Standards

In addition to other standards of this Ordinance and of the Town's Subdivision Ordinance, the following design standards shall apply to developments under this section.

1. Priorities for Location of Lots and Open Space

The Planning Board shall find that individual building lots or building locations are laid out to achieve the following objectives, as applicable. Where the Planning Board finds that objectives conflict, the objectives shall be achieved in the order listed:

- a. on soils suitable for subsurface wastewater disposal where on-site wastewater disposal is to be used
- b. in a manner that preserves as part of the required open space environmentally sensitive areas, such as wetlands, steep slopes (as included in the computation of net residential area), flood plains, wildlife habitat rated by the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife as high value, and unique natural features
- c. in a manner that preserves visual resources identified in <u>An Assessment of</u> the Visual Resources of Cape Elizabeth, Maine (February 19, 1989), a copy of which is on file with the Town Clerk
- d. in a manner that preserves or allows the establishment of a vegetated buffer to serve as an effective visual screen from adjacent properties
- e. in a manner that maximizes the amount of contiguous, usable area for agriculture or woodlot production, wildlife habitat and outdoor recreation included as part of the required open space. Narrow strips (less than fifty feet) shall not included in the open space design unless they provide connectors to nearby public open space, wildlife coridors or links to neighborhoods that would benefit from use of the open space to be preserved. Long linear strips of open space parallel to the original parcel property line do not provide high-quality public enjoyment of open space, protect wildlife habitat or result in long-term protection of native vegetation.
- f. in a manner that each house lot has direct access to the open space without having to ross another's house lot.

2. Common Open Space

- a. The open space must be dedicated to the recreational amenity and environmental enhancement of the development, must protect natural resources, and must be recorded as such. For the purpose of these provisions, open space means an area that:
 - (1) is not encumbered in any way by a principal structure;

1 2		(2) is not devoted to use as a roadway, road right-of-way, parking lot, or sidewalk;	
3 4 5 6 7 8		(3) is left in its natural or undisturbed state, except for cutting of trails for walking or jogging, or is landscaped for ballfields, play fields, picnic areas, or similar activities, unless the land will be managed for forestry or used for agriculture;	
9 10		(4) is capable of being used and enjoyed for the purpose of informal and unstructured recreation and relaxation; and	
11 12 13		is legally and practicably accessible to all residents of lots in the cluster development out of which the open space is taken.	
14 15 16	b.	The common open space shall be controlled by one (1) or more of the following methods:	
17 18 19		(1) dedication to the Town as public open space subject to acceptance by the Town;	
20 21 22 23 24		(2) common ownership by the owners of the units within the project with a conservation easement granted to the Town, subject to acceptance by the Town, or recognized conservation organization;	
23 24 25		(3) common ownership by the owners of units within the project;	
25 26 27		(4) transfer, with permanent restrictions, to a land trust or other recognized conservation organization; and/or	
28 29 30 31 32		ownership by a private party for agricultural or other natural resource use provided that permanent restrictions are in place to provide for its continued use for this purpose.	
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	c.	Any subdivision proposed under this section shall specify the ownership use, management, and person responsible for maintenance of all commor areas and facilities. The Planning Board shall approve the arrangements for the ownership, control, and maintenance of the common open space in accordance with the standards of subsections a. and b. above as part of the approval of a final subdivision plan. No changes in the use of management of common open space not owned by the Town shall be made without Planning Board approval and a note shall be provided on the approved subdivision plan to this effect.	
43 44 45 46	d.	Any common open space or facility not retained by a private owner shall be maintained by a developer or homeowners' association unless and until it is transferred in its entirety to the Town or a recognized conservation organization, and until the transfer actually is completed. The formation	

1	and incorporation by the developer of a homeowners' association, if one is						
2	proposed, shall be accomplished prior to final subdivision approval.						
3		Covenants for mandatory membership in the association shall be approved					
4		by the Planning Board and included in the deed restrictions for each lot or					
5		unit.	The association's documents shall	l specify that:			
6							
7		(1)		e responsibility of maintaining the			
8				private facilities dedicated to the			
9			use in common by the developm	nent's residents;			
10							
11		(2)	·	nual charges against all property			
12				if any, connected with maintenance			
13			of the common open spaces and	facilities; and			
14							
15		(3) The developer shall maintain control of common open spaces and facilities and be					
16	responsible t	for thei	maintenance until at least fifty-on	e percent (51%) of the			
17	developmen	t's lots	or units have been completed and s	sold, with evidence of such			
18	completion a	and sale	es submitted to and approved by the	e Planning Board.			
19	_			_			
20	SEC. 19-7-8	B. OFF	-STREET PARKING (Revised e	ffective May 12, 2002)			
21				•			
22	a.	Resid	dential				
23							
24		(1)	Single Family Dwellings,	2 spaces per dwelling unit			
25		` '	•	including manufactured			
26				housing			
27				C			
28		(2)	Two-Family Dwellings	2 spaces per dwelling unit			
29		(-)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- street to a			
30							
31		(3)	Multiplex housing or	1.5 spaces per dwelling unit with			
32		(5)	multifamily dwellings	one bedroom, 1.75 spaces for			
33			marmanny awomings	unit with two bedrooms, and			
34				2 spaces per unit with three			
35				or more bedrooms			
36				of more beardons			
37	SFC 19-7-1	1 MI	LTIPLE PRINCIPAL BUILDIN	JCS ON A LOT			
38	DEC. 17-7-1	11. WIC	ETH EET KINGH ME BOIEDH	IGS ON A LOT			
39	If me	ora than	one (1) principal building is locate	ad on a lot, the lot size and location			
40	If more than one (1) principal building is located on a lot, the lot size and location of each building shall be such that a sengrate lot conforming to the prayisions of						
41	of each building shall be such that a separate lot conforming to the provisions of						
42		this Ordinance could be created for each building. The potential creation of a separate lot shall be demonstrated by submitting a plan to the Code Enforcement					
	-			- -			
43 44	Omo	ei shov	ving how the land could be divided	to create comorning iots.			
44							